



INTEGRATE EVACUATION AND RELOCATION INTO DRM STRATEGY IN VIETNAM

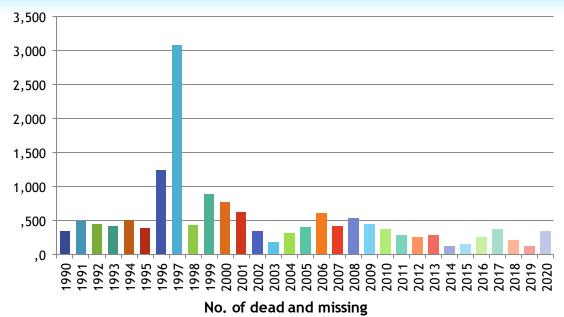
Regional Workshop on disaster and climate changeinduced displacement

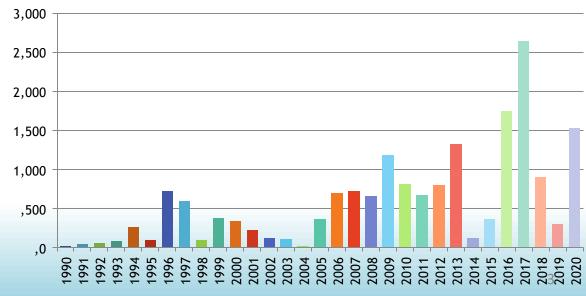
OUTLINE

- BACKGROUND INFORMATION
- INTEGRATION OF EVACUATION/RELOCATION INTO DRM STRATEGY

DISASTERS IN VIETNAM

- Vietnam is one of the most hazard-prone countries in the Asia-Pacific Region. With the coastline of 3,300 km, the country is exposed to hydrometeorological hazards such as storms, floods, landslides, drought, water intrusion and coastal erosion
- Vietnam is ranked among the five countries likely to be most affected by climate change.
- Vietnam experienced 22++ types of disaster
- 70% of the country population live in coastal communities with high exposure to storms and flooding, which climate change is intensifying
- Over the past 20 years, disasters caused 500 deaths and missing persons per year, and an economic loss to the GDP is about 1÷1.5%





Economic losses (million USD)

INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS AND POLICIES FOR DRM

- The Sendai
 Framework for Disaster Risk
 Reduction 2015-2030
- The ASEAN Agreement on Disaster Management and Emergency Response

Global Legal Basis



- The Law on Disaster
 Prevention and Control 2020
- National Strategy on DRM to 2030, vision to 2050
- Circular guiding the development of DRM Plan at the sub-national levels

Legal Basis for DRM in Vietnam



Evacuation and Relocation have been integrated

INTEGRATION OF EVACUATION AND RELOCATION IN DRM STRATEGY

Law on Natural Disaster Prevention and Control 2020

- DRM Infrastructure:
 - + Multi-purpose center for evacuation and daily activities
 - + Construction of new school, health station, worship house, office building should consider the evacuation needs of the localities
 - + Measures for disaster response: Evacuation is the top priority action responding to major typhoon, flood and landslide
- Human resources for evacuation: Army force and public security is the backboned human resources for evacuation
- DRM Plan at sub-national levels (province, district, commune) have included the evacuation plan

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National Strategy on Disaster Prevention and Response to 2030 – vision to 2050

- Tasks and Solutions: To ensure people safety, the following solutions should be taken:
 - Relocating residents in the disaster prone areas
 - Install the early warning system for timely evacuation;
 - Construct critical infrastructure combining the evacuation needs.

NATIONAL DECISION RELATED TO ORGANIZED RELOCATION FOR THE PERIOD OF 2021-2025, VISION TO 2030

Some characteristics of this relocation plan:

- mostly internal/ intra-province
- in favor of interlaced relocation to concentrated relocation target: 121.290 households are relocated between 2021-2030 (47.159 households in disasters prone areas between 2021-2025)
- Following the Prime Minister's decisions, some provinces have issued relevant plans and guidelines for implementing the decision in their respective areas.

CHALLENGES

- Collecting data and evidence linking natural disaster and displacement
- Vocational training related issues
- Access to finance for newcomers
- Other bureaucratic issues: slow fund disbursement, no integration with other national target programs.





Thank you very much

NGUYEN THI NGOC QUYNH

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